

C4 Volumes of Rotation Answers

Specimen

7. Volume = $\pi \int_1^e x^3 \ln x dx$ B1

= $\pi \left\{ \left[\frac{x^4}{4} \ln x \right]_1^e - \int_1^e \frac{x^4}{4} \frac{1}{x} dx \right\}$ M1 (parts, correct choice of u, v)

= $\pi \left\{ \left[\frac{x^4}{4} \ln x \right]_1^e - \int_1^e \frac{x^3}{4} dx \right\}$ A1

= $\pi \left\{ \left[\frac{x^4}{4} \ln x \right]_1^e - \left[\frac{x^4}{16} \right]_1^e \right\}$ m1 (division)

= $\frac{\pi}{16} (3e^4 + 1)$ A1

2005

5. Volume = $\pi \int_1^4 \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^2 dx$ B1

= $\pi \int_1^4 \left(x + 8 + \frac{16}{x} \right) dx$ B1

= $\pi \left[\frac{x^2}{2} + 8x + 16 \ln x \right]_1^4$ B1

= $\pi \left(31 \frac{1}{2} + 16 \ln 4 \right)$ M1

≈ 168.6 A1 (C.A.O.) [5]

2006

5. Volume = $\pi \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2 x dx$ B1

= $(\pi) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2} dx$ M1 ($a + b \cos 2x$)

= $(\pi) \left[\frac{x}{2} - \frac{\sin 2x}{4} \right]$ A1 ($a = \frac{1}{2}, b = \frac{1}{2}$)

= $\frac{\pi^2}{4}$ (≈ 2.467 , accept 2.47, 3 sig. figures) A1 (C.A.O.)

2007

5. Volume = $\pi \int_0^1 (e^{2x} + 1) dx$

$$= \pi \left[\frac{e^{2x}}{2} + x \right]_0^1$$
$$= \pi \left[\frac{e^{2x}}{2} + 1 - \frac{1}{2} \right]$$
$$\approx 13.177$$

B1 (with or without limits,

after squaring $\sqrt{\quad}$)

B1 (correct integration)

M1 (correct use of limits after
attempted integration)

A1 (C.A.O.)

2008

4. Volume = $\pi \int_1^4 \left(x + \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^2 dx$

$$= \pi \int_1^4 \left(x^2 + 6\sqrt{x} + \frac{9}{x} \right) dx$$
$$= \pi \left[\frac{x^3}{3} + 4x^{\frac{3}{2}} + 9 \ln x \right]_1^4$$
$$= \pi [49 + 9 \ln x] \approx 193.1$$

or 61.48π

B1

M1 (attempt to square, at

least 2 correct terms)

A1 (all correct)

A3 (integration of 3 terms,

F.T. similar work

$Ax^2 + B\sqrt{x} + \frac{C}{x}$)

A1 (C.A.O.)

7

2009

4. Volume = $\pi \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{8}} \cos^2 2x \, dx$ (must contain limits) B1

= $(\pi) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{8}} \frac{1 + \cos 4x}{2} \, dx$ ($\cos^2 2x = a + b \cos 4x$; $a, b \neq 0$) M1

= $(\pi) \left[\frac{x}{2} + \frac{\sin 4x}{8} \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{8}}$ A1

= $(\pi) \left(\frac{\pi}{16} + \frac{1}{8} - 0 - 0 \right)$ (correct use of limits) m1

= $\frac{\pi}{2} \left(\frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{1}{4} \right)$ or 1.0095 (C.A.O.) A1

[If substitution used, marks are gained after

$\frac{1}{2} \cos^2 u = a + b \cos 2u$ M1]

2010

4. Volume = $\pi \int_{\frac{\pi}{6}}^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \sin^2 x \, dx$ B1

Use of $\sin^2 x = \frac{(\pm 1 \pm \cos 2x)}{2}$ M1

Correct integration of candidate's $\frac{(\pm 1 \pm \cos 2x)}{2}$ A1

Correct substitution of correct limits in candidate's integrated expression M1

Volume = $\frac{\pi^2}{12} = 0.822(467\dots)$ (c.a.o.) A1

2011

5. (a) $A(-3, 0), B(3, 0), C(0, 3)$ B1

(b) (i)
$$\text{Volume} = \pi \int_{-3}^3 (9 - x^2) dx$$
 (f.t candidate's x-coordinates for A, B) M1

$$\int (9 - x^2) dx = 9x - \frac{x^3}{3} \quad \text{B1}$$

$$\text{Volume} = 36\pi \quad \text{(c.a.o.) A1}$$

Note: Answer only with no working earns 0 marks

(ii) This is the volume of a sphere of radius 3 E1

2012

4.
$$\text{Volume} = \pi \int_{\frac{1}{3}}^4 \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^2 dx$$
 B1

$$\left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}} \right)^2 = \left(x + 10 + \frac{25}{x} \right) \quad \text{B1}$$

$$\int \left(ax + b + \frac{c}{x} \right) dx = \frac{ax^2}{2} + bx + c \ln x, \text{ where } c \neq 0 \text{ and at least one of } a, b \neq 0 \quad \text{B1}$$

Correct substitution of correct limits in candidate's integrated expression M1
of form $\frac{ax^2}{2} + bx + c \ln x$, where $c \neq 0$ and at least one of $a, b \neq 0$

$$\text{Volume} = 65(\cdot 0059\dots) \quad \text{(c.a.o.) A1}$$

2013

4.

$$\text{Volume} = \pi \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/2} \sin^2 2x \, dx$$

B1

$$\sin^2 2x = \frac{(1 - \cos 4x)}{2}$$

B1

$$\int (a + b \cos 4x) \, dx = ax + \frac{1}{4} b \sin 4x,$$

$a \neq 0, b \neq 0$

B1

Correct substitution of candidate's limits in candidate's integrated expression of form $mx + n \sin 4x$

$m \neq 0, n \neq 0$

M1

$$\text{Volume} = 1.985$$

(c.a.o.)

A1

Note: Answer only with no working earns 0 marks

2014

4.

$$\text{Volume} = \pi \int_0^{\pi/4} (3 + 2 \sin x)^2 \, dx$$

B1

$$\text{Correct use of } \sin^2 x = \frac{(1 - \cos 2x)}{2}$$

M1

$$\text{Integrand} = (9 + 2 + 12 \sin x - 2 \cos 2x)$$

(c.a.o.)

A1

$$\int (a + b \sin x + c \cos 2x) \, dx = (ax - b \cos x + \frac{c}{2} \sin 2x)$$

$(a \neq 0, b \neq 0, c \neq 0)$

B1

Correct substitution of correct limits in candidate's integrated expression

$$\text{of form } (ax - b \cos x + \frac{c}{2} \sin 2x)$$

$(a \neq 0, c \neq 0)$

M1

$$\text{Volume} = 35$$

(c.a.o.)

A1

Note: Answer only with no working earns 0 marks

4. (a) $V = \pi \int_0^a (mx)^2 dx$ M1

$$\int (mx)^2 dx = \frac{m^2 x^3}{3}$$

$V = \frac{\pi m^2 a^3}{3}$ (c.a.o.) A1

(b) (i) Substituting $\frac{b}{a}$ for m in candidate's derived expression for V M1

$$V = \frac{\pi b^2 a}{3}$$

(c.a.o.) A1

(ii) This is the volume of a cone of (vertical) height a and (base) radius b E1

9. Volume = $\pi \int_{\pi/5}^{2\pi/5} (\cos x + \sin x)^2 dx$ B1

$$(\cos x + \sin x)^2 = \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x + 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$\int (\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x) dx = x \text{ or } \left[\frac{x}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x \right] + \left[\frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x \right]$$

$$\int k \sin x \cos x dx = -\frac{k}{4} \cos 2x \text{ or } \frac{k}{2} \sin^2 x \text{ or } -\frac{k}{2} \cos^2 x$$

Substitution of limits in candidate's integrated expression B1

(awarded only if at least two of the previous three marks have been awarded) B1

Volume = 3.73 (c.a.o.) M1

A1

Note: Answer only with no working earns 0 marks

4.

$$\text{Volume} = \pi \int_{\pi/6}^{\pi/3} (\cos x + \sec x)^2 dx \quad \text{B1}$$

Correct use of $\cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2}$ M1

$$\text{Integrand} = \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2} + 2 + \sec^2 x \quad (\text{c.a.o.}) \quad \text{A1}$$

$$\int a \cos 2x dx = \frac{a}{2} \sin 2x \quad (a \neq 0) \quad \text{B1}$$

$$\int b dx = bx \quad \text{and} \quad \int \sec^2 x dx = \tan x \quad (b \neq 0) \quad \text{B1}$$

Correct substitution of correct limits in candidate's integrated expression of the form

$$px + q \sin 2x + \tan x \quad (p \neq 0, q \neq 0) \quad \text{M1}$$

$$\text{Volume} = \pi \times (4.566551037 - 2.102853559) = 7.74 \quad (\text{c.a.o.}) \quad \text{A1}$$

Note: Answer only with **no working** earns 0 marks